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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Earlier Known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Earlier Known as Bina Power Supply Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2022, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022 and its Loss, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that



are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Emphasis of Matters

We draw the attention to the following matters:

Note No.15 in the financial statements which indicate that the company does not have any project in operation and is completely dependent on its holding company for meeting its day to day obligations. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Further, it is indicated that the auditor report is not a qualified report in respect of above matter emphasized.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration has been paid by the Company to its directors during the year.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations as at the year end.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There are no amounts that were due for being transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested, therefore the same is not applicable.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Sharma Vats & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 031486N

(CA Ashish Sharma)

Partner

M.No.- 532822

Date- 07th May, 2022

Place- New Delhi

UDIN- 22572822AIPDBB1312

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED** (Earlier Known as Bina Power Supply Limited) ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Sharma Vats & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 031486N

ATS & AS

New Delhi

(CA Ashish Sharma)

Partner

M. No.- 532822

Date- 07th May, 2022

Place- New Delhi

UDIN- 22532822 AJPDBB1312

ANNEXURE "B" referred to in paragraph 2 of our report of even date to the members of BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Earlier Known as Bina Power Supply Limited) on the accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2022.

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

- (i) (a) As the Company does not have any fixed assets, immovable property and intangible assets therefore clause 3(i) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) As informed by the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder, therefore the Clause 3(i)(e) is not applicable.
- (ii) As the company has no inventory, Clause 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) As informed, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not given any loans, made investments, given guarantees, and security, hence Clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) In our opinion Clause (vi) of Para 3 of the Order relating to cost accounting records is not applicable during the period under report.
- (vii) (a) As per records produced before us and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues applicable to it like, Income-tax etc, and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities, and there were no arrears of such dues at the end of the year which have remained outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) As per records produced before us there are no dues of Income-tax, Sales-tax, Wealth tax, Service tax, Customs Duty, GST, Excise Duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.



- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) Based on information and explanations given to us by the management, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion the company has adequate internal financial control over financial reporting as stated in Annexure A of this report. However, Clause 3(xiv)(a) & (b) are not applicable to the company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or person connected with him which is covered by Section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



- (xvii) The company has incurred Rs. 36,321 cash loss during the current year as well as Rs. 14,039 in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) CSR is not applicable to the company, Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xx) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

New Delhi

For Sharma Vats & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 031486N

(CA Ashish Sharma)

Partner

M. No.- 532822

Date- 07th May, 2022

Place- New Delhi

UDIN-22532822AIPDBB1312

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.03.2022

(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Regd. Office: Sector-128, Noida - 201304 (U.P.)

FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Amount in Rupees) **Particulars** Quarter ended Quarter ended Quarter ended For the For the 31.03,2022 31.12,2021 31.03.2021 financial year financial year 2021.22 2020-21 Audited Unaudited Audited Audited Audited Net Sales / Income from Operations b) Other Income 2,550 2,550 2,725 10,436 12,009 Total Sales / Income from Operations 2,550 2,550 2,725 10,436 12.009 Expenditure Employee benefits expense a) Finance costs b) Depreciation and amortization expense c) d) Other expenses 14,838 8,753 24,809 46,757 26,048 Total (a+b+c+d) 14.838 8.753 24.809 46.757 26,048 Profit from Operations before Other Income, Interest & (12,288) (6,203) (22,084) (36,321) (14,039)Exceptional items (1-2) Profit before Interest & Exceptional Items 4 (12,288)(6,203) (22,084) (36,321) (14,039) Interest 5 Profit after Interest but before Exceptional items (5-6) (12,288)(6,203) (22,084) (36,321) (14,039)Exceptional items Profit (+)/Loss (-) before tax (6+7) (12,288) (6,203) (22,084) (36,321) 8 (14,039) 9 Tax Expense Current Tax a) Deffered Tax Tax related to earlier years Total (a+b+c) Net Profit(+)/ Loss (-) after tax (8-9) (12,288)(6,203) (22,084)(36,321) (14.039) 11 Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit & loss account a) ii) Income tax relating to items will be reclassified to profit & loss account. b) i) Items that will be reclassified to profit & loss account ii) Income tax relating to items will be reclassified to profit & 12 Net Profit(+)/ Loss (-) for the period (10+11) (12,288) (6,203) (22,084)(36,321)(14,039) Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face Value of Rs 10/- per 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 share) Earnings Per Share (EPS) (Rs.) Basic and diluted EPS for the period (0.73)(0.25)(0.12)(0.44)(0.28)

As per our report of even date attached

New Delhi

For Sharma Vats & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 031486N

Ashish Sharma Partner

Membership No. 532822

S.D.NAILWAL DIRECTOR

SUREN JAIN DIRECTOR DIN No. 0000852 DIN No. 00011026

For and on behalf of the Board

Address: Flat No. Address: Shreshta Vihar, B-8/13 Delhi- 110092

Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110057

Date: 07-05-2022 Place: New Delhi

BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited) **BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022**

			Amount in Rupees
Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31,2021
Current Assets			
Sccurity Deposit	3	10,000	4
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	205,261	251,583
		215,261	251,583
Total		215,261	251,583
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	5	500,000	500,000
Other Equity	6	(296,539)	(260,218)
n		203,461	239,783
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	7	11,800	11,800
		11,800	11,800
Total		215,261	251,583

Summary of significant accounting policies

The note nos. 1 to 16 are integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached to Financial Statements.

FOR SHARMA VATS & ASSOCIATES **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

Firm Registration No. 031486N

Ashish Sharma

Partner

M.No. 532822

Dated: 07-05-2022

Place: New Delhi

FOR BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED

DIRECTOR

DIN No. 00008529

Address: Flat No. 75

Shreshta Vihar,

Delhi-110092

SUREN JAIN

DIRECTOR

DIN No. 00011026

Address:

B-8/13

Vasant Vihar

New Delhi-110057

(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

				Amount in Rupees
			Period Ended March	Period Ended
S.No.	Particulars	Note	31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1	Revenue			
	Interest Received	8	10,436	12,009
2	Total income		10,436	12,009
3	Expenses:			
	Other expenses	9	46,757	26,048
4	Total expenses		46,757	26,048
5	Profit before tax (2-4)		(36,321)	(14,039)
	Tax expense:			` - '
	(1) Current tax		-	-
	(2) Deferred tax		-	-
6	Profit/(loss) for the period		(36,321)	(14,039)
7	Comprehensive income for the period		-	*
8	Total comprehensive income for the period (6-7)		(36,321)	(14,039)
9	Earnings per equity share			
	Basic and Diluted earning per share (EPS) in Rs.		(0.73)	(0.28)
	Summary of significant accounting policies	1-2	×	

Summary of significant accounting policies

The note nos. 1 to 16 are integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached to Financial Statements.

FOR SHARMA VATS & ASSOCIATES **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

Firm Registration No. 031486N

Ashish Sharma Partner M.No. 532822

Dated: 07-05-20 22 Place: New Delhi

FOR BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED

DIRECTOR DIN No. 00008529

Address: Flat No. 75 Shreshta Vihar,

Delhi- 110092

SUREN JAIN DIRECTOR

DIN No. 00011026 Address: B- 8/13

Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110057

(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Statement of changes In equity for the period ended as on March 31, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

	As at	Changes during the	As at	Changes during the year	As at
	March 31, 2020	year	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2022
Number of Shares	50,000		50,000		50,000
Value in Rs.	500,000		500,000		500,000

B. Other Equity

D. d. J.	Reserves & Surplus	Other Comprehensive	
Particulars	Retained earnings	Income	Total
Balance as at March 31, 2020	(246,179)	<u> </u>	(246,179)
Addition/ (deduction) during the year Other Comprehensive Income	(14,039)		(14,039)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(14,039)	=	(14,039)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(260,218)	-	(260,218)
Addition/ (deduction) during the year	(36,321)	=	(36,321)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Total comprehensive income for the year	(36,321)		(36,321)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(296,539)	=	(296,539)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached to Financial Statements.

FOR SHARMA VATS & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 031486N

Ashish Sharma Partner

M.No. 532822

Dated: 07-05-2022

Place: New Delhi

FOR BINA POWER SUPPLY LIMITED

DIRECTOR

DIN No. 00008529

Address: Flat No. 75

Shreshta Vihar,

Delhi- 110092

SUREN JAIN

DIRECTOR DIN No. 00011026

Address:

B- 8/13

Vasant Vihar

New Delhi-110057

(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Cash Flow Statement as on 31st March, 2022

		Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at March	As at March
1 atticulais	31, 2022	31, 2021
A. Cash flow from operating activities	Rs	Rs
Profit before tax	(36,322)	(14,039
Deduct:	(,,	(22)00.
Increase (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	_	2
Changes in Other Current Assets	(10,000)	+
Net cash inflow from operating activities—'A'	(46,322)	(14,039
B. Cash flow from Investing activities		
- Inflow	11	
- Out flow	2	7. 24
Net cash used in investing activities`B'		2
C. Cash flow from Financing activities		
- Inflow		
- Out flow		
Not seek force Considerant by the NCI		
Net cash from financing activities`C'	¥	
Net increase/(Decrease) in cash or cash equivalent (A+B+C)	(46,322)	(14,039
Cash & cash equivalent at the commencement of the year (Opening balance)	251,583	265,622
Cash & cash equivalent at the end of the year (closing balance)	205,261	251,583
Notes to cash flow statement:		
Cash and cash equivalents include:		
Cash on hand		
Balances with banks	205,261	251,583
Control and an indicate and an indicate an indicate an indicate an indicate an indicate and an indicate an ind	200/201	251,000

FOR SHARMA VATS & ASSOCIATES

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Period

VATS & A.

New Delhi

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. 031486N

Ashish Sharma Partner M.No. 532822

Dated: 07-05-2022

Place: New Delhi

FOR BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED

205,261

S.D.NAHWAŁ DIRECTOR DIN No. 00008529 Address: Flat No. 75 Shreshta Vihar,

Delhi- 110092

SUREN JAIN DIRECTOR DIN No. 00011026 Address:

251,583

B- 8/13 Vasant Vihar

New Delhi-110057

BINA POWER SUPPLY LIMITED

Note 1- General Information of the Company

Bina Power Supply Limited (Formerly know as Himachal Karcham Power Company Limited) was incorporated on March 14, 2014 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited to set up power projects - Hydroelectric or Thermal, and to carry on the business of general electric power supply in any or all of its branches and to construct, lay down, establish and carry out all necessary power stations, cables and wires, etc and to generate, accumulate, distribute and supply electricity and to light cities, town, villages, streets etc. and any other places, both public and private.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of preparation of financial statements:-

The Company has adopted accounting policies that comply with Indian Accounting standards (Ind AS) notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 16 February 2015 under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, as required by the relevant applicability provisions prescribed in the same notification. Accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. The financial statements referred hereinafter have been prepared in accordance with the requirements and instructions of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013, amended from time to time applicable to companies to whom Ind AS applies.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed. The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standard requires the Company to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the accounting policies. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements.

b) Use of Estimates:-

The preparation of financial statements require estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of asset and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of the revenue and the expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialized.

c) Revenue:-

Expenditure and Income are accounted for on accrual basis.

d) Tax Expenses:-

New Delhi

Income Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax charge or credit. Provision for current tax is made with reference to taxable income computed for the

financial year for which the financial statements are prepared by applying the tax rates as applicable.

Current Tax-Current Income tax relating to items recognized outside the profit and loss is recognized outside the profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in other component of equity)

e) Fair Value Measurement:-

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- •Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- •Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable. (May not consider above para)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of

assets &liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and the risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

f) Cash and cash Equivalents:-

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

g) Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating Diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.





(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited) Notes to Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2022

Amount	in	Rupees
--------	----	--------

		Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Note 3		
Other financial assets		
Security Deposits	10,000	14
	10,000	
Note 4		
Cash bank balances		
Balance with banks current accounts	5,261	51,583
Fixed deposit	200,000	200,000
Total	205,261	251,583





(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)
Statement of chnages in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2022

Note 5

Amount in Rupees As at March As at March **Particulars** 31, 2022 31, 2021 **EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL** Authorised 500,000 500,000 50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each 500,000 500,000 Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up 50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each 500,000 500,000 Total 500,000 500,000

(a) - Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	Equity Sl	Equity Shares		y Shares
	Number	Rs	Number	Rs
Opening Balance	50,000	5,00,000	50,000	5,00,000
Shares issued during the year	_	-	124	8 52
Shares brought back during the year			±	_
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	5,00,000	50,000	5,00,000

(b) Terms/Rights

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. Each Share is entitled to equal dividend declared by the Company and approved by the Share holdes of the Company.

In the event of liquidation, each share carries equal rights and will be entitled to receive equal amount per share out of the remaining amount available with the Company after making preferential payments.

(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Jaiprakash Power Ventures Ltd. - The Holding Company

50,000 equity shares of Rs 10/- each.

(d) Details of Shareholder holding more than 5% Shares:

As at March	As at March	
31, 2022	31, 2021	
Number % of Holding	Number % of Holding	
50,000 shares* 100	49,500 shares* 100	

Name of Shareholder

Jaiprakash Power Ventures Ltd.

* 6 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- are held one each by six nominees jointly with Jaiprakash Power Ventures Ltd., beneficial interest of which is with Jaiprakash Power Ventures Ltd.





(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

(e) Share held by promoters at the end of the year for the period ended 31st March 2022

Share held by promoters at the end of the year		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021			
S.No.	Promoter name	No. of Shares**	% of total Shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares**	% of total Shares	% Change durin the year
1	Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited	50,000	100	1	49,500	99	-
	Total	50,000			49,500		

(f) Other clauses of Share Capital are not applicable to the company.





(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED March 31, 2022 Statement of changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2022

Amount in Rupees

	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Note 6			
Other Equity	1		
i) Equity Component of Other Financial Instruments			
Opening balance	-	**	
Addition/Deduction during the year	(=)	-	
Closing balance	-		
ii) Reserve and Surplus	_		
Opening balance	(260,218)	(246,179)	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(36,321)	(14,039)	
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	(296,539)	(260,218)	
Total	(296,539)	(260,218)	

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

 $Surplus / (Loss) - Retained \ Earning / (Loss) \ is \ the \ Profit \ or \ Loss \ that \ the \ Company \ has \ incurred / \ earned \ till \ date.$





(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited) Notes to Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2022

		A	mount in Rupees
	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March
25	r articulars	2022	31,2021
	Note 7		
	Other financial liabilities		
	Payable for Expenses	11,800	11,800
		11,800	11,800





(Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited) Notes to Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Note 8		
Other income		
Interest from		
-Bank deposits	10,436	12,00
	10,436	12,00
		X
Note 9		
Other expenses		
Fees	22,125	(2)
Consultancy, legal & professional fee	8,307	11,30
Bank Charges	4,525	1,71
Filing fee		1,23
Audit Fees	11,800	11,80
	46,757	26,04



Note 10 Ratio Analysis

S. No.	Ratio	For the Year Ended 31.03.2022	For the Year Ended 31.03.2021	% Variance	Reason for variance (If more than 25%)
1	Current ratio	18 24	21,32	(14.44)	
2	Debt-equity ratio	NA	NA	NA	
3	Debt service coverage ratio	NA NA	NA	NA	
4	Return on equity ratio	-17,85%	-5.85%	204.90	
5	Inventory turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	
6	Trade receivables turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	
8	Net capital turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	
9	Net profit ratio	NA	NA	NA	
10	Return on capital employed	NA	NA	NA	
11	Return on investment	2597,63%	220.75%	1,076.75	

Ratios as per the Schedule III requirements

1) Current Ratio = Current Assets divided by Current Liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current Assets	215,261	251,583
Current Liabilities	11,800	11,800
Ratio	18.24	21.32
% Change from previous year	(14.44)	

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

2) Debt Equity ratio = Total debt divided by Total equity where total debt refers to sum of current & non current borrowings

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Total debt	* 1	(*
Total equity	203,461	239,783
Ratio	NA	NA
% Change from previous year	NA	

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

3) Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Earnings available for debt services divided by Total interest and principal repayments

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit after tax	(36,321)	(14,039)
Add: Non cash operating expenses and finance cost		
-Depreciation and amortizations		2
-Finance cost		8
-Lease Rentals		9
-Tax Expenses		-
-Exceptional Items	16.	
Other Non cash items		-
Earnings available for debt services	(36,321)	(14,039)
Interest/Finance cost on borrowings		:
Lease Rentals	-	
Principal repayments	(#)	:#
Total Interest and principal repayments including Financial Cost	(4)	= =
Ratio	NA	NA
% Change from previous year	NA	

NO Debt/ Interest obligation on Company

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

4) Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Investment Ratio = Net profit after tax divided by Equity

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit after tax	(36,321)	(14,039)
Total equity	203,461	239,783
Ratio	-17.85%	-5.85%
% Change from previous year	204.90	

Reason for change: Payment to NSDL 'Rs. 22125/- for joining & Annual Cutody Fees in FY 2021-22

5) Inventory Turnover Ratio = Cost of materials consumed divided by closing inventory

and the same of th		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021



Cost of materials consumed	NA	NA .
Closing Inventory	NA	NA
Avg Inventory	NA	NA
Ratio	NA	NA
% Change from previous year	NA	

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

6) Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Credit Sales divided by Closing trade receivables

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Credit Sales	NA	NA
Closing Trade receivable	NA	NA
Avg Trade receivable	NA	NA
Ratio	NA	
% Change from previous year	NA	

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

7) Trade payables turnover ratio = Credit purchases divided by closing trade payables

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Credit purchases	NA	NA
Closing Trade payable	NA	NA
Ratio	NA	NA
% Change from previous year	NA	NA

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

9) Net capital Turnover Ratio = Sales divided by Net Working capital whereas net working capital= current assets - current liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sales		
Net Working Capital	203,461	239,783
Ratio	NA	NA
% Change from previous year	NA	

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

10) Net profit ratio = Net profit after tax divided by Sales

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit after tax	(36,321)	(14,039)
Sales	•	
Ratio	NA	NA
% Change from previous year	NA	

Reason for change more than 25%: NA

11) Return on Capital employed (pre cash)=Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) divided by Capital Employed (pre cash)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit before tax (A)	(36,321)	(14,039)
Finance Costs (B)		
Other Income (C)	10,436	12,009
EBIT (D) = (A)+(B)-(C')	(46,757)	(26,048)
Capital Employed (Pre Cash) (J)=(E)-(F)-(G)-(H)-(I)	(1,800)	(11,800)
Total Assets (E')	215,261	251,583
Current Liabilities (F)	11,800	11,800
Current Investments (G)		
Cash and Cash equivalents (H)	205,261	251,583
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents (I)		
Ratio (D)/(J)	2597.63%	220.75%
% Change from previous year	1,076.75	

Reason for change: Payment to NSDL Rs. 22125/- for joining & Annual Cutody Fees in FY 2021-22





BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Note 11: Fair Value Measurement

Categories of financial instruments		Amount in Rupees	
Financial assets	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Measured at amortised cost			
(i)Cash and Bank balance	205,261	251,583	
Total	205,261	251,583	
Financial liabilities	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
(ii) Other financial liabilities(other than those specified in (b) below, to be specified)	11,800	11,800	
Total	11,800	11,800	

(i) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (A) recognised and measured at fair value and (B) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of inputs used in determining fair values, the group has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and liabilities, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described below:-

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The fair values of current debtors, cash & bank balances, loan to related party, security deposit to goverment department, current creditors and current borrowings and other financial liability are assumed to approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities

Amount in Rupees

	Carrying value	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
i) Financial assets - Current		
Bank Balances	205,261	251,583
ii) Financial liabilities - Current		
(ii) Other financial liabilities(other than those specified in (b) below, to be specified)	11,800	11,800

(ii) Valuation techniques used to determine Fair value

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following method and assumptions are used to estimate fair values:

The Carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, short term borrowing, other fianancial assets/Liabilities, cash and cash equivalents. are considered to be their fair value, due to their short term nature.

Long-term fixed-rate and variable-rate receivables / borrowings are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates, specific country risk factors, credit risk and other risk characteristics. For borrowing fair value is determined by using the discounted cash flow (DCF) method using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowings rate. Risk of non-performance for the company is considered to be insignificant in valuation.

BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Notes to Financial Statements as at March 31, 2022

Note 12: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations. The Company principal financial asset includes loan, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations.

The Company's activities are exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

I. Market rick

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments, and derivative financial instruments. The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks.

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

(b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not operates internationally and as the Company has not obtained any foreign currency loans and also doesn't have any foreign currency trade payables and foreign receivables outstanding therefore, the company is not exposed to any foreign exchange risk.

(c) Price Risk

The company exposure to equity securities price risk arises from the investments held by company and classified in the balance sheet at fair value through profit and loss. The company does not have any investments at the current year end and previous year which are held for trading. Therefore no sensitivity is provided.

II. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The company only transacts with entities that are rated the equivalent of investment grade and above. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the company uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The company's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the risk management committee annually

There are no Trade Receivable. Therefore the same is not applicable.

III. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that company will not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company's management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risk are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the company's net liquidity position through rolling, forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Amount in Rupees

Particulars	Within 1 year	Within 1-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Carrying amount
As at March 31, 2022					
Other financial liabilities	11,800	in the		11,800	11,800
Total	11,800	57	-	11,800	11,800
Particulars	Within 1 year	Within 1-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Carrying amount
As at March 31, 2021					
Other financial liabilities	11,800	π	-	11,800	11,800
Total VATS & 40	11,800			11,800	11,800



BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Note 13 (A) Other Statutory Information

- (i) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- (iii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period,
- (iv) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity (ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (vii) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961





BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED (Formerly known as Bina Power Supply Limited)

Note 13.

Disclosure as required under Notification dated 22nd January, 2019 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (As certified by the Management)

			Amount in Rupees
	Particulars	Figures for the current period, March 31, 2022	Figures for the previous period, March 31, 2021
a)	The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier		
	-Principal Amount	Nil	Nil
	-Interest Amount	Nil	Nil
b)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section16 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 along with the amounts of payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day.	Nil	Nil
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed date during period) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil
d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding period, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
	Rupees	Rupees	
- Profit after Tax	(36,321)	(14,039)	
- No. of Shares	50,000	50,000	
- Weighted Average shares for the Period	50,000	50,000	
- Weighted EPS	(0.73)	(0.28)	

Going Concern: As the company is not carrying any business and is incurring cash loss, it Is depended upon its holding company i.e. Jaiprakash Power Ventures Ltd. for its working.

All the figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees

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Signatures to Note Nos. 1 to 16

FOR SHARMA VATS & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. 031486N

(ASHISH SHARMA)

Partner M.No. 532822

Dated: 07-05-2022

Place: New Delhi

FOR BINA MINES AND SUPPLY LIMITED

DIRECTOR

DIN No. 00008529

Address: Flat No. 75 Shreshta Vihar,

Delhi- 110092

SUREN JAIN DIRECTOR DIN No. 00011026

Address: B-8/13 Vasant Vihar

New Delhi-110057